

BBVA SECURITIES INC.
(A wholly-owned subsidiary of BBVA, S.A.)
(SEC I.D. No. 8-42857)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2021
(UNAUDITED)

Filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5(c)(3)
Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as
a **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

BBVA SECURITIES INC.
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**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2021**

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 290,055,348
Cash segregated in compliance with Federal regulations	30,000,000
Time deposit with affiliate	2,000,000
Securities owned, at fair value	
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	1,713,380,087
Receivables:	
Customers	27,135,739
Broker-dealers and clearing organizations	71,574,350
Affiliates	61,549,936
Fees	13,689,001
Interest	545,287
Office furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net	2,076,168
Right of use asset	3,416,586
Deferred tax asset	3,016,650
Taxes receivable	812,338
Other assets	9,008,379
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,228,259,871

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES:

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 1,731,195,000
Notes payable	100,000,000
Payables:	
Affiliates	7,818,977
Broker-dealers and clearing organizations	6,576,441
Customers	71,770,214
Net unsettled regular way trades	553,550
Interest	376,392
Lease Liability	3,441,748
Accrued expenses and accounts payable	23,237,235
Total liabilities	1,944,969,557

STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY:

Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	10
Additional paid-in capital	198,862,820
Accumulated income	84,427,484
Total stockholder's equity	283,290,314

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY **\$ 2,228,259,871**

See accompanying notes to the statement of financial condition.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

BBVA Securities Inc. (the “Company”) is a New York Corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of BBVA, S.A. (the “Parent”), a global financial services institution headquartered in Spain. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in the United States of America under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”).

The Company has an institutional and retail business. The institutional business consists of investment banking, financing transactions and institutional sales of fixed income securities. Investment banking activities include securities originations, loan syndications, and project finance services. Financing transactions include securities purchased under agreement to resell and securities sold under agreement to repurchase. The Company is a member of the Fixed Income Clearing Corporation (“FICC”). For its fixed income sales business, the Company is self-clearing and can act in the role as either principal, riskless principal and/or agent.

Through its retail business, the Company is engaged in brokerage services whereby it acts as an agent (on a fully disclosed basis) for securities transactions placed by customers of the Company. For this business, the Company has a clearing agreement with a third-party broker-dealer who is authorized to maintain customer accounts. The clearing broker clears transactions for the Company’s customers and maintains the accounts on a fully disclosed basis. The Company is not authorized to maintain customers’ accounts and does not hold customers’ funds or securities in connection with such transactions.

On November 15, 2020, The PNC Financial Services Group, Inc (“PNC”) entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with the Parent for the purchase by PNC of 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of BBVA USA (former direct Parent of the Company), for approximately \$11.6 billion in cash. The deal formally closed on June 1st 2021. This was also the date the Company’s direct parent changed from BBVA USA, to the Parent. PNC did not acquire the Institutional business of the Company, but did acquire the Retail business. Therefore, the Company will still remain as a subsidiary of the Parent post transaction.. Although the deal closed on June 1st, 2021, the Retail Division will not be fully migrated to PNC until early Q4-2021.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies applied by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements.

Basis of Presentation — These financial statements are in conformity with *U.S. generally accepted accounting principles* (“US GAAP”).

Use of Estimates — The Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and certain disclosures. These estimates relate mainly to the valuation of certain financial instruments, accrual of income taxes, realization of deferred tax assets, and accrual of compensation. The Company believes that the estimates utilized in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents — Cash consists of cash and cash equivalents held at banks. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value. The Company defines cash and cash equivalents as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

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Cash Segregated in Compliance With Federal Regulations — Cash of \$30,000,000 is segregated in a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

Securities Owned, at Fair Value — Securities owned are recorded on a trade-date basis and are carried at fair value with changes in the fair value.

Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase — Securities purchased under agreement to resell (“reverse repurchase agreements”) and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (“repurchase agreements”) are carried on the statement of financial condition at the amounts of cash paid or received (contract value), which includes accrued interest on the collateral, and are generally collateralized by US government securities. Where appropriate, transactions meeting the netting requirements per Accounting Standard Codification (“ASC”) - *Balance Sheet Offsetting 210-20-45-11* are reported on a net basis. The Company’s agreements with counterparties generally contain provisions allowing for additional collateral to be obtained, or excess collateral returned, based on market valuations of such collateral. The Company revalues the collateral underlying its repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements on a daily basis. In the event the fair value of such securities falls below the related agreement to resell at contract amounts plus accrued interest, the Company will generally request additional collateral.

Contract values of reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements approximate fair value. Accrued interest associated with the reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements is accrued as interest receivable and interest payable.

Net unsettled regular- way trades — receivables and payables arising from unsettled regular-way trades are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

Receivables from Customers and Payables to Customers — Receivables from customers include amounts receivable for securities not delivered by the Company to the purchasers in Delivery versus Payment (“DVP”) trades by the contractual settlement dates (“securities failed to deliver”) when the purchasers are classified as customers. Payables to customers include amounts payable for securities not received by the Company from the sellers in Receipt versus Payment (“RVP”) trades by the contractual settlement dates (“securities failed to receive”) when the sellers are classified as customers.

Receivables from Broker-Dealers and Clearing Organizations and Payables to Broker-Dealers and Clearing Organizations — The receivables from broker-dealer and clearing organizations balance primarily represents deposits held at clearing organizations in addition to securities failed to deliver to broker-dealers. The payables to broker-dealers and clearing organizations balance includes securities failed to receive from broker-dealers.

Receivables from Affiliates and Payables to Affiliates — Receivables from and payables to affiliates includes fees and other amounts owed from and to affiliates. Also included are amounts receivable and payable for securities failed to deliver or securities failed to receive. For securities transactions, affiliates can be considered customer or non-customer pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3.

Receivables from Fees — Receivables from fees primarily represents fees earned not yet received for investment banking services.

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Office Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements, net — Office furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortization. Purchased software is capitalized provided certain criteria is met. Depreciation is computed principally using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which ranges between 1 and 40 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of their useful lives or the terms of the related lease. Office furniture, equipment and software are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances suggest that an asset's carrying value may not be fully recoverable in accordance with current accounting guidance.

Leases — The Company previously adopted ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases* and recognized leases with terms exceeding one year in the Statement of Financial Condition as Right of use (ROU) asset, representing the right to use the underlying asset for the lease term and a Lease liability, representing the liability to make lease payments. See Note 13 for lease disclosures.

Accrued expenses and accounts payable — Accrued expenses and accounts payable include accruals for employee related compensation, employee benefits and third party services, as well as other payables.

Fair Value Measurements — The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, (i.e. the “exit price”) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in accordance with ASC No. 820, *Fair Value Measurement*. The Company is required to disclose the fair value of its financial instruments according to a fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories – Level 1: unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets; Level 2: directly or indirectly observable market-based inputs that are corroborated by market data, quoted market prices for similar assets and quoted market prices for assets in an inactive market; and Level 3: unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The Company considers prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many instruments. This condition could cause an instrument to be reclassified from Level 1 to Level 2 or Level 2 to Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. In addition, a downturn in market conditions could lead to declines in the valuation of many instruments.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that the Company believes market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

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3. TIME DEPOSIT WITH AFFILIATE

At June 30, 2021, the Company had a time deposit with Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. – New York (“BBVA NY Branch”) totaling \$2,000,000, which matures on a monthly basis, with the option to rollover. This deposit is pledged as collateral for the operating account held at BBVA NY Branch.

4. SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER AGREEMENT TO RESELL AND SECURITIES SOLD UNDER AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE

The Company enters into reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements to finance long US treasury securities inventory, cover short US treasury securities positions in order to prevent settlement exposure, and to act as an intermediary between different counterparties. As previously noted, the Company is a member of FICC, which allows the Company to manage credit exposure arising from such transactions by entering into master netting agreements with counterparties. These agreements provide the Company, in the event of a counterparty default, with the right to net counterparty’s rights and obligations. As a result, the Company can liquidate and set off collateral by the Company against the net amount owed by the counterparty. The Company engages a third-party custodian that enables the Company to take control of such collateral in the event of counterparty default. The following table presents information about the offsetting of these instruments.

	<u>Gross Amounts (1)</u>	<u>Gross amounts of offset in the Statement of Financial Condition (2)</u>	<u>Net amounts presented in the Statement of Financial Condition</u>
Assets			
Securities purchased under agreement to resell	\$ 2,976,425,750	\$ (1,263,045,663)	\$ 1,713,380,087
Liabilities			
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase	2,994,240,663	(1,263,045,663)	1,731,195,000

⁽¹⁾ Amounts relate to master netting agreements, which have been determined by the Company to be legally enforceable in the event of default and where certain other criteria are met in accordance with applicable offsetting accounting guidance.

Substantially all the collateral held by the Company for reverse repurchase transactions, which represent approximately 125% of the Company’s total assets, consist of securities issued by the US Government. The fair value of securities received as collateral, prior to netting, was \$2,912,714,178, and the fair value of the portion of the collateral that had been sold or repledged was \$2,928,684,921. The Company does not maintain a credit allowance on such financing agreements due to the type of collateral received and over collateralization. Margin exposure with FICC is managed by the daily Clearing Fund Required Deposit and Intraday Funds Settlement process.

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are accounted for as secured borrowings. The following table presents the Company’s related activity, by collateral type and remaining contractual maturity.

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	Remaining Maturity of the agreements				Total
	Overnight and continuous	Up to 30 days	30-90 days	Greater than 90 days	
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase:					
U.S. Treasury and other U.S. government agencies	\$ 1,142,283,163	\$ 371,125,000	\$ 282,093,750	\$ 1,198,738,750	\$ 2,994,240,663

In the event of a significant decline in fair value of the collateral pledged for the securities sold under agreements to repurchase, the Company would be required to provide additional collateral. The Company minimizes the risk by monitoring the liquidity and credit quality of the collateral, as well as the maturity profile of the transactions.

5. RECEIVABLES FROM CUSTOMERS AND PAYABLES TO CUSTOMERS

Receivables from and payables to customers totaling \$27,135,739 and \$71,770,214 represent securities failed to deliver and securities failed to receive, respectively.

6. RECEIVABLES FROM BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS AND PAYABLES TO BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

The receivables from broker-dealers and clearing organizations consists of securities failed to deliver of \$20,452,241 and \$51,122,109 of cash held on deposit with clearing organizations. Payables to broker-dealers consist of securities failed to receive of \$6,576,441.

7. OFFICE FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS - NET

At June 30, 2021, the Company's office furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements - net, is comprised of the following:

	2021		
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization	Net
Leasehold improvements	\$ 6,618,655	\$ (6,618,655)	\$ -
Purchases in process	1,204,831	-	1,204,831
Computers and equipment	1,607,627	(1,451,695)	155,932
Furniture and fixtures	527,308	(522,662)	4,646
Software	8,549,096	(7,868,365)	680,731
Mechanical equipment	367,156	(337,128)	30,028
	<u>\$ 18,874,673</u>	<u>\$ (16,798,505)</u>	<u>\$ 2,076,168</u>

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into transactions with the Parent and other affiliated entities, such as BBVA NY Branch, BBVA Mexico ("Bancomer"), BBVA Peru ("Peru"), and BBVA Colombia ("Colombia"). The receivables from or payables to affiliates balances arise from

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services performed between the Company and its affiliates. Investment banking transactions with affiliates pertain to referral fees for bond origination and/or loan syndications.

Service Level Agreements

The Company has an administrative fee service agreement with BBVA NY Branch, under which certain administrative services are provided to the Company, such as legal, compliance, accounts payable, internal auditing, and human resource services. In addition, the Company has an administrative fee service agreement with BBVA NY Branch, under which the Company provides client onboarding services.

The Company has a networking and referral agreement with BBVA NY Branch, under which referral fees are paid on bond origination and advisory deals referred to the Company.

The Company leases office space from BBVA NY Branch under cancellable lease.

The Company has service level agreements with BBVA, Bancomer, Peru, and Colombia by which the Company acts as agent on behalf of each affiliate in fixed income securities transactions and/or swap derivative transactions.

The Company also has a service level agreements with BBVA by which the Company acts as agent on behalf of the Parent in loan portfolio services and swaps/derivatives activity.

The Company acts as a custodian on behalf of BBVA NY Branch for certain US Agency and Treasury Securities. In December 2015, the Company executed a Non-Conforming Subordination Agreement with BBVA NY Branch pertaining to this activity.

Liquidity/Capital Facilities

On May 21, 2021, the Company entered into an committed demand facility agreement with the Parent for a revolving loan facility up to \$150,000,000 maturing on December 31, 2021. The facility is intended to help facilitate the ongoing liquidity needs of the Company. The Company has agreed to pay a commitment fee of 0.1225% on the average undrawn balance of the committed portion of the facility on each interest payment date. As of June 30, 2021 there is an outstanding balance of \$100,000,000 pursuant to this agreement.

On March 16, 2017, the Company entered into an uncommitted demand facility agreement with the Parent for a revolving loan facility up to \$1,000,000,000 maturing on March 16, 2023 to be used for trade settlement purposes. The Company has not drawn against this facility in 2021.

The Company has a Revolving Note and Cash Subordination Agreement (“the Revolver”) with the Parent. The Revolver was executed on March 16, 2017 with a maturity date of March 16, 2023 for a maximum of \$450,000,000. Any amounts advanced under the Revolver will be considered net capital for regulatory purposes under *15C3-1- Net Capital Requirements for Brokers or Dealers* on the date drawn, but will not be considered as equity in the Company’s statement of financial condition. During the year, the Company has drawn down on this Revolver and repaid it fully shortly thereafter. As of

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June 30, 2021 there is no outstanding balance.

Assets and liabilities with related parties consisted of the following:

Assets:	
Cash	\$ 5,575,986
Time deposit with affiliate	2,000,000
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	2,111,205,750
Receivable from affiliates (fails)	60,853,492
Receivable from affiliates (other)	696,444
Interest receivable	<u>485,763</u>
Total assets:	<u>\$ 2,180,817,436</u>
Liabilities:	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 400,263,163
Notes payable	100,000,000
Payable to affiliates (fails)	5,531,810
Payable to affiliates (other)	2,287,167
Interest payable	<u>8,472</u>
Total liabilities:	<u>\$ 508,090,611</u>

9. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and regulation 1.17 under the Commodity Exchange Act, which require the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Company has elected to use the alternative method, which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital equal to the greater of \$250,000 or 2% of aggregate debit items arising from customer transactions, as defined by the rules. At June 30, 2021, the Company had net capital of \$189,895,734, which exceeded the minimum requirement of \$1,644,571 by \$188,251,163.

Certain of the Company's proprietary accounts are held at the Company's clearing broker's Proprietary Accounts of Brokers and Dealers ("PAB") and are considered allowable assets in the computation of net capital pursuant to an agreement between the Company and the clearing broker. This agreement requires, among other things, that the clearing broker perform a computation of PAB Assets similar to the customer reserve computation set forth in SEC Rule 15c3-3.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease Commitments

In accordance with ASC 842, *Leases* the Company has recorded on its Statement of Financial Condition the Right of use asset and the Lease liability. The discount rate (2.36%) used in determining the present value of the lease is the incremental borrowing rate incurred by BBVA NY Branch, which the Company leases office space from under a cancelable lease. The Company does not have the option to extend

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nor terminate the lease. As of June 30, 2021, the Company's Right of Use Asset is \$3,416,586 and the Lease liability, consisting of the total undiscounted lease payments, is \$3,441,748. At June 30, 2021, the future minimum rental commitments under this cancelable lease are as follows:

2021	511,741
2022	1,023,481
2023	1,023,481
2024	1,023,481
Total	<u>\$ 3,582,184</u>

In the normal course of business, the Company may enter into other legal contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties providing general indemnification. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be against the Company that have not yet occurred. However, based on the Company's experience, the Company does not expect that these indemnifications will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Financing Transactions

As stated in Note 6, the Company enters into repurchase transactions which are primarily covered by a master netting agreement and qualify for netting. At June 30, 2021, the Company entered into \$2,994,240,663 of repurchase transactions that are secured by collateral from US treasury securities. The value of the Company's US treasury securities pledged against such repurchase transactions is \$2,928,684,921, the remaining amount of repurchase transactions are collateralized by collateral received on reverse repurchase agreements.

In the event the counterparty is unable to meet its contracted obligation to return securities pledged as collateral, the Company may be exposed to the risk of acquiring securities at prevailing market prices in order to satisfy obligations.

The Company enters into forward starting reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements. This type of activity has a start date of one or more business days greater than the trade date. Due to this characteristic, the Company considers this activity as a commitment and reports it off-balance sheet until the transactions reach their start date. At that point, the transactions will be reflected on the balance sheet and follow the process as stated in Note 6. As of June 30, 2021 the Company had \$100,000,000 in forward starting repurchase agreements outstanding.

As a member of the Government Securities Division of the Fixed Income Clearing Corporation (FICC), the Company participates in the Capped Contingency Liquidity Facility (CCLF). CCLF is a commitment by FICC's solvent firms to enter into a repurchase agreement with FICC in the event a member firm fails, the funding to offset FICC's portfolio would be sourced across FICC's solvent members. As of June 30, 2021, the Company's commitment to the CCLF was \$14,947,062 of which no utilization had occurred. This amount is calculated by FICC based on membership size and volumes and is subject to fluctuation.

11. RETIREMENT, OTHER POSTRETIREMENT, AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

Defined Contribution Plan

The Company participates in the defined contribution plan sponsored by the Parent, which is intended to meet the requirements of Sections 401(a), 401(k), 409 and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the requirements of ERISA. Under the traditional employee portion of the defined contribution plan, employees may contribute up to 75% of their compensation on a pretax basis subject to statutory limits. The Company makes matching contributions equal to 100% of the first 3% of compensation deferred, plus 50% of the next 2% of compensation deferred. The Company may make additional non-matching contributions to the plan.

Under the employer funded portion of the defined contribution plan, the Company makes contributions on behalf of each participant in the plan based on eligible pay and years of service. The Company's contributions range from 2% to 4% of the participants eligible pay.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RELATED RISKS

Off Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's activities may involve executions and settlements of various securities transactions as principal or agent. These activities may expose the Company to risk in the event counterparties are unable to fulfill contractual obligations. The Company's counterparties include U.S. institutional investors, brokers and dealers and international banks that are members of major regulated exchanges and affiliates. In the case that the Company is involved in executions and settlements of securities transactions, the Company records customer securities transactions on a trade-date basis in conformity with the settlement cycle of the respective countries. Therefore, the Company could be exposed to off-balance sheet risk of loss on unsettled transactions in the event customers and other counterparties are unable to fulfill contractual obligations. The Company's agreements with its clearing brokers provides that the Company assumes customer obligations in the event of non-performance.

Credit Risk

For transactions in which the Company has the ability to extend credit to others, the Company seeks to control the risks associated with these activities by requiring the counterparty to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. The Company monitors required margin levels and, pursuant to such guidelines, requests counterparties to deposit additional collateral or reduce securities positions when necessary. As of June 30, 2021, the Company was not involved in the aforementioned business activity, with the exception of reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements as noted in Note 6.

The Company clears its securities transactions from its retail business through a clearing broker on a fully-disclosed basis. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement between the Company and the clearing broker, the clearing broker has the right to charge the Company for losses that result from a counterparty's failure to fulfill its contractual obligations. As the right to charge the Company has no maximum amount and applies to all trades executed through the clearing broker, the Company believes there is no maximum amount assignable to this right. At June 30, 2021, the Company has recorded no liability with regard to this right. During 2021, the Company paid the clearing broker

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an immaterial amount related to these guarantees. In addition, the Company has the right to pursue collection on performance from the counterparties who do not perform under their contractual obligations. The Company monitors the credit standing of the clearing broker and all counterparties with which it conducts business.

13. ESTIMATED FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company applies the fair value accounting guidance required under ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, which requires the Company to disclose the estimated fair values of financial instruments, for which it is practical to estimate. Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories (from highest to lowest) based on inputs:

Level 1 — Quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access as of the reporting date. The type of investments which would generally be included in Level 1 includes listed equity securities and listed derivatives. As required by ASC 820, the Company, to the extent that it holds such investments, does not adjust the quoted price for these investments.

Level 2 — Pricing inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date, but are not the same as those used in Level 1. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or by other means. Fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies using observable inputs. The types of investments which would generally be included in this category are publicly traded securities with restrictions on distribution, corporate bonds or municipal securities.

Level 3 — Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation by the Company. Level 3 assets and liabilities would include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar pricing techniques based on the Company's own assumptions about what market participants would use to price the asset or liability. The types of investments that would generally be included in this category include debt and equity securities issued by private entities.

In general, fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If such quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based upon internally developed models that primarily use, as inputs, observable market-based parameters. The Company's valuation methodologies may produce a fair value estimate that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While management believes the Company's valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. Furthermore, the reported fair value amounts have not been comprehensively revalued since the presentation dates, and therefore, estimates of fair value after the balance sheet date may differ significantly from the amounts presented herein.

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The availability of observable inputs can vary from product to product and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of product, whether the product is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the product. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. At June 30, 2021 securities owned consisted of US treasury securities. The fair value of US treasuries is based on unadjusted quoted market prices in an active market. The Company had no Securities sold, not yet purchased outstanding at June 30, 2021.

Transfers of financial instruments between different levels of fair value hierarchy are recorded as of the end of the reporting period. During the year ended June 30, 2021, there were no transfers of financial instruments between different levels of the fair value hierarchy.

Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Approximate Fair Value

The fair values of the other financial assets and liabilities are considered to approximate their carrying amounts because they have limited counterparty credit risk and are short-term, replaceable on demand, or bear interest market rates.

The table below represents the carrying value and estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments which are not carried at fair value. The table below therefore excludes items measured at fair value on a recurring basis presented in the table above. In addition, the table excludes the values of non financial assets and liabilities.

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Estimated fair value</u>	<u>Carrying value</u>
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 290,055,348	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 290,055,348	\$ 290,055,348
Cash segregated in compliance with Federal regulations	30,000,000	-	-	30,000,000	30,000,000
Time deposit with affiliate	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	-	1,713,380,087	-	1,713,380,087	1,713,380,087
Receivables:					
Customers	-	27,135,739	-	27,135,739	27,135,739
Broker-dealers and clearing organizations	-	71,574,350	-	71,574,350	71,574,350
Affiliates	-	61,549,936	-	61,549,936	61,549,936
Interest	-	545,287	-	545,287	545,287
Fees	-	13,689,001	-	13,689,001	13,689,001
Other Assets	-	9,008,379	-	9,008,379	9,008,379
	<u>\$ 322,055,348</u>	<u>\$ 1,896,882,779</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,218,938,127</u>	<u>\$ 2,218,938,127</u>
Liabilities:					
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ -	\$ 1,731,195,000	\$ -	\$ 1,731,195,000	\$ 1,731,195,000
Payables:					
Customers	-	71,770,214	-	71,770,214	71,770,214
Broker-dealers and clearing organizations	-	6,576,441	-	6,576,441	6,576,441
Affiliates	-	7,818,977	-	7,818,977	7,818,977
Net unsettled regular way trades	-	2,195,958	-	2,195,958	2,195,958
Interest	-	376,392	-	376,392	376,392
Accrued expenses and accounts payable	-	23,237,235	-	23,237,235	23,237,235
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,843,170,217</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,843,170,217</u>	<u>\$ 1,843,170,217</u>

BBVA SECURITIES INC.
(A WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF BBVA, S.A.)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fair value can vary from period to period based on changes in a wide range of factors, including interest rates, credit quality, market perceptions as existing assets and liabilities as run off and new transactions are entered into.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated subsequent events up to the date the financial statements were issued, which was September 3, 2021. As a result of the Company's evaluation, the Company noted no subsequent events that require adjustment to, or disclosure in, these financial statements.
