

BBVA SECURITIES INC.

(A WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF BBVA, S.A.)

**NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2025**

BBVA SECURITIES INC.
(A WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF BBVA, S.A.)
(SEC I.D. No. 8-42857)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2025
(UNAUDITED)

File pursuant to Rule 17a-5(c)(3)
Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as
a **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**

BBVA SECURITIES INC.**(A WHOLLY-OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF BBVA, S.A.)****NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2025**

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 193,470,720
Cash segregated in compliance with Federal regulations	30,000,000
Time deposit with affiliate	2,000,000
Securities owned, at fair value	
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	866,903,750
Receivables:	
Customers	68,982,546
Non-customers	33,702,575
Broker-dealers and clearing organizations	62,367,824
Affiliates	3,451,833
Investment banking	12,744,728
Net unsettled regular way trades	3,006,254
Interest	1,217,468
Office furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$3,471,274	1,230,030
Right of use asset	24,407,340
Prepaid Tax Expense	7,000,000
Taxes receivable	5,132,899
Other assets	2,736,458
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,318,354,425

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY**LIABILITIES:**

Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	\$ 0
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	850,000,000
Notes payable	
Payables:	
Customers	9,189,027
Non-customers	65,810,207
Broker-dealers and clearing organizations	8,958,029
Affiliates	5,052,836
Interest	480,554
Lease liability	27,865,934
Accrued expenses and accounts payable	51,044,747
Taxes payable	6,159,759
Other liabilities	677,681
Provisions	5,550,591
Total liabilities	\$ 1,030,789,365

STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY:

Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	\$ 10
Additional paid-in capital	198,862,820
Accumulated income	88,702,230
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 287,565,060

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$ 1,318,354,425
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

BBVA SECURITIES INC.

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NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2025

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

BBVA Securities Inc. (the “Company”) is a Delaware Corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A (“BBVA”), a global financial services institution headquartered in Spain. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in the United States of America under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (“FINRA”).

The Company’s activities consist of investment banking, financing transactions and institutional sales of fixed income securities. Investment banking activities include securities originations, loan syndications, and project finance services. Financing transactions include securities purchased under agreement to resell and securities sold under agreement to repurchase. The Company is a member of the Fixed Income Clearing Corporation (“FICC”). For its fixed income sales business, the Company is self-clearing and can act in the role as either principal, riskless principal and/or agent.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies applied by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements.

Basis of presentation — These financial statements are in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“US GAAP”).

Use of estimates — The Company makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and certain disclosures. These estimates relate mainly to the valuation of certain financial instruments, accrual of income taxes, realization of deferred tax assets, and accrual of compensation. The Company believes that the estimates utilized in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash and cash equivalents — Cash consists of cash and cash equivalents held at banks. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value. The Company defines cash and cash equivalents as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Cash segregated in compliance with federal regulations — Cash of \$30,000,000 is segregated in a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

Securities owned, at fair value — In accordance with ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (“ASC 820”), securities owned are recorded on a trade-date basis and are carried at fair value with changes in the fair value included in trading income. Unrealized gains and losses are calculated via daily valuation and recorded as trading income. Realized gains and losses from the sale of securities are determined on a first in first out basis and recorded in trading income. Interest on securities owned, at fair value is recognized according to the terms of the security when earned and included as interest income.

Securities sold, not yet purchased at fair value — In accordance with ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (“ASC 820”), securities sold, not yet purchased are recorded on a trade-date basis and are carried at fair value with changes in the fair value included in trading income. Unrealized gains and losses are calculated daily and recorded as trading income. Realized gains and

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losses from the purchase of securities are determined on a first in first out basis and recorded as trading income. Interest on securities sold, not yet purchased is recognized according to the terms of the security and is included as interest expense when incurred.

Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase — Securities purchased under agreement to resell (“reverse repurchase agreements”) and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (“repurchase agreements”) are carried on the statement of financial condition at the amounts of cash paid or received (contract value), which includes accrued interest on the collateral, and are generally collateralized by US government securities. Where appropriate, transactions meeting the netting requirements are reported on a net basis. The Company’s agreements with counterparties generally contain provisions allowing for additional collateral to be obtained, or excess collateral returned, based on market valuations of such collateral. The Company revalues the collateral underlying its repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements on a daily basis. In the event the fair value of such securities falls below the related agreement to resell at contract amounts plus accrued interest, the Company will generally request additional collateral.

Contract values of reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements approximate fair value. Accrued interest associated with the reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements is accrued as interest receivable and interest payable.

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 860, Transfers and Servicing, Securities borrowed and securities loaned transactions are collateralized financing arrangements that are recorded at the amount of cash collateral advanced or received. In these transactions, the Company receives cash from the borrower of the securities, or deposits cash with the lender of the securities. The Company monitors the market value of securities borrowed and securities loaned on a daily basis with additional collateral obtained or refunded as necessary.

Net unsettled regular- way trades — Receivables and payables arising from unsettled regular-way trades are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

Receivables from customers and payables to customers — Receivables from customers include amounts receivable for securities not delivered by the Company to the purchasers in Delivery versus Payment (“DVP”) trades by the contractual settlement dates (“securities failed to deliver”) when the purchasers are classified as customers. Payables to customers include amounts payable for securities not received by the Company from the sellers in Receipt versus Payment (“RVP”) trades by the contractual settlement dates (“securities failed to receive”) when the sellers are classified as customers.

Receivables from broker-dealers and clearing organizations and payables to broker-dealers and clearing organizations — The receivables from broker-dealer and clearing organizations balance primarily represents deposits held at clearing organizations in addition to securities failed to deliver to broker-dealers. The payables to broker-dealers and clearing organizations balance includes securities failed to receive from broker-dealers.

Receivables from affiliates and payables to affiliates — Receivables from and payables to affiliates includes fees and other amounts owed from and to affiliates.

Investment banking receivable — Receivables from fees primarily represents fees earned not yet received for investment banking services.

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Office furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net — Office furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortization. Purchased software is capitalized provided certain criteria is met. Depreciation is computed principally using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which ranges between 1 and 10 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the lesser of their useful lives or the terms of the related lease. Office furniture, equipment and software are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances suggest that an asset's carrying value may not be fully recoverable in accordance with current accounting guidance.

Leases — In accordance with ASC 842, Leases, the Company recognizes leases with terms exceeding one year in the statement of financial condition as right of use (ROU) asset, representing the right to use the underlying asset for the lease term and a Lease liability, representing the obligation to make lease payments. The Company recognizes interest expense on the lease liability and the amortization of the Right of use asset as a combined expense. See Note 13 for lease disclosures.

Accrued expenses and accounts payable — Accrued expenses and accounts payable include accruals for employee related compensation, employee benefits and third party services, as well as other payables.

Income taxes — The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with ASC 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). The Company will file its own federal corporate income tax return and file certain consolidated/unitary/combined returns with other remaining BBVA affiliates in the U.S.

The Company accounts for income tax expense (benefit) using the asset and liability method, under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the tax rates and laws that are expected to be in effect when the differences are anticipated to reverse. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized as income or expense in the period the change is incurred.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that it believes that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. Accordingly, the Company assesses this likelihood based on the facts, circumstances, and information available at the end of each period, including future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. If the Company determines that it would not be able to realize their deferred tax assets, a valuation allowance is established, which would increase the provision of income taxes.

The Company had no liability for uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2025 and does not expect any significant changes in the next twelve months. With regards to uncertain tax positions, a tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is "more likely than not" of being sustained on the basis of the technical merits. The amount recognized is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the "more likely than not" test, no tax benefit is recorded.

The Company classifies interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of other expenses

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Fair value measurements — The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, (i.e. the “exit price”) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company is required to disclose the fair value of its financial instruments according to a fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories – Level 1: unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets; Level 2: directly or indirectly observable market-based inputs that are corroborated by market data, quoted market prices for similar assets and quoted market prices for assets in an inactive market; and Level 3: unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The Company considers prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many instruments. This condition could cause an instrument to be reclassified from Level 1 to Level 2 or Level 2 to Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. In addition, a downturn in market conditions could lead to declines in the valuation of many instruments.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company’s own assumptions are set to reflect those that the Company believes market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

Time Deposit with Affiliate

At June 30, 2025, the Company had a time deposit with Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria, S.A. – New York (“BBVA NY Branch”) totaling \$2,000,000, which matures on a monthly basis, with option to rollover. This deposit is pledged as collateral for the operating account held at BBVA NY Branch.

Recent accounting pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures. The new FASB provides guidance on how to report certain information about a public entity’s operating segments in annual and interim financial statements. The guidance requires that general purpose financial statements include segment information that is prepared using a method referred to as the management approach. The management approach requires that segment information be reported based on how management internally organizes the segments within a public entity for purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance. That approach allows financial statement users to see disaggregated information about the entity through the eyes of management and to assess the performance of the segments in the same way that management reviews them. The Company is engaged in a single line of business as a securities broker-dealer, which is comprised of several classes of services, including principal, riskless principal, and agency transactions, along with investment banking and investment advisory businesses. The Company has identified its CEO and CFO as the chief operating decision makers (“CODM”), who use net income to evaluate the results of the business, to manage the Company. Additionally the CODM uses excess net capital (see Note 10), which is not a measure of profit and loss, to make operational decisions while maintaining capital adequacy. The Company’s operations constitute a single operating segment and therefore, a single reportable segment, because the CODM manage the business activities using information of the Company as a whole. The accounting policies used to measure the profit and loss of the segment are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

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3. SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER AGREEMENT TO RESELL AND SECURITIES SOLD UNDER AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE

The Company enters into reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements to finance long US treasury securities inventory, cover short US treasury securities positions in order to prevent settlement exposure, and to act as an intermediary between different counterparties. As previously noted, the Company is a member of FICC, which allows the Company to manage credit exposure arising from such transactions by entering into master netting agreements with counterparties. These agreements provide the Company, in the event of a counterparty default, with the right to net counterparty's rights and obligations. As a result, the Company can liquidate and set off collateral held or pledged to by the Company against the net amount owed by the counterparty. The Company engages a third-party custodian that enables the Company to take control of such collateral in the event of counterparty default. The following table presents information about the offsetting of these instruments.

			Gross amounts not offset in the Statement of Financial Condition			
	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross amounts of offset in the Statement of Financial Condition	Net amounts presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Financial Instruments	Collateral Received	Net Amount
Assets						
Securities purchased under agreement to resell	\$ 884,031,250	\$ (17,127,500)	\$ 866,903,750	\$ -	\$ (866,903,750)	\$ -
Total	<u>\$ 884,031,250</u>	<u>\$ (17,127,500)</u>	<u>\$ 866,903,750</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (866,903,750)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
			Gross amounts not offset in the Statement of Financial Condition			
	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities	Gross amounts of offset in the Statement of Financial Condition	Net amounts presented in the Statement of Financial Condition	Financial Instruments	Collateral Delivered	Net Amount
Liabilities						
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase	\$ 867,127,500	\$ (17,127,500)	\$ 850,000,000	\$ -	\$ (850,000,000)	\$ -
Total	<u>\$ 867,127,500</u>	<u>\$ (17,127,500)</u>	<u>\$ 850,000,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (850,000,000)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Substantially all the collateral held by the Company for reverse repurchase transactions, which represent approximately 66% of the Company's total assets, consist of securities issued by the US Government. The fair value of securities received as collateral, prior to netting, was \$878,121,617, and the fair value of the portion of the collateral that had been sold or repledged was \$878,625,977. The Company does not maintain a credit allowance on such financing agreements due to the type of collateral received and over collateralization. Margin exposure with FICC is managed by the daily Clearing Fund Required Deposit and Intraday Funds Settlement process. Margin exposure with non FICC counterparties is managed by a daily margin call process.

The following table presents the Company's gross obligation disaggregated by the class of collateral pledged and the remaining maturity of securities sold under agreements to repurchase at June 30, 2025.

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	Remaining Maturity of the agreements				Tot:
	Overnight and continuous	Up to 30 days	30-90 days	Greater than 90 days	
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase:					
U.S. Treasury and other U.S. government agencies	\$ 867,127,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 867,127,500

In the event of a significant decline in fair value of the collateral pledged for the securities sold under agreements to repurchase, the Company would be required to provide additional collateral. The Company minimizes the risk by monitoring the liquidity and credit quality of the collateral, as well as the maturity profile of the transactions.

4. RECEIVABLES FROM CUSTOMERS AND PAYABLES TO CUSTOMERS

Receivables from and payables to customers totaling \$68,982,546 and \$9,189,027 represent securities failed to deliver and securities failed to receive, respectively.

5. RECEIVABLES FROM NON-CUSTOMERS AND PAYABLES TO NON-CUSTOMERS

Receivables from and payables to non-customers totaling \$33,702,575 and \$65,810,207 represent securities failed to deliver and securities failed to receive with affiliates, respectively.

**6. RECEIVABLES FROM BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS AND
PAYABLES TO BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS**

The receivables from broker-dealers and clearing organizations consists of securities failed to deliver of \$41,148,111 and \$21,219,713 of cash held on deposit with clearing organizations. Payables to broker-dealers consist of securities failed to receive of \$8,958,029.

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**NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2025****7. OFFICE FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS - NET**

At June 30, 2025, the Company's office furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements - net, is comprised of the following:

	2025		
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation/ Amortization	Net
Leasehold improvements	\$	\$ (187,796)	(187,796)
Dilapidation		\$ (389,112)	(389,112)
Computers and equipment	685,662	(487,708)	197,954
Furniture and fixtures	749,489	(87,144)	662,345
Software	1,707,139	(970,095)	737,044
Mechanical equipment	329,410	(119,815)	209,595
	<u>\$ 3,471,699</u>	<u>\$ (2,241,669)</u>	<u>\$ 1,230,030</u>

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into transactions with BBVA and other affiliated entities, such as a subsidiary bank of the Parent; BBVA NY Branch, BBVA Mexico ("Mexico"), BBVA Peru ("Peru"), and BBVA Colombia ("Colombia"). The receivables from or payables to affiliates balances arise from services performed between the Company and its affiliates. Investment banking transactions with affiliates pertain to referral fees for bond origination and/or loan syndications.

Service Level Agreements

The Company has administrative fee service agreements with BBVA NY Branch, under which certain administrative services are provided to the Company, such as legal, compliance, accounts payable, internal auditing, and human resource services. In addition, the Company has administrative fee service agreements with BBVA NY Branch, under which the Company provides client onboarding services.

The Company has a networking and referral agreement with BBVA NY Branch, under which referral fees are paid on bond origination and advisory deals referred to the Company.

The Company leases office space from BBVA NY Branch under a cancellable lease.

The Company has service level agreements with BBVA, Mexico, Peru, and Colombia by which the Company acts as agent on behalf of each affiliate in fixed income securities transactions and/or swap derivative transactions. Fees earned related to trading agreements are calculated based on the costs of the trading teams plus a mark-up. Fees earned related to sales agreements are based on shared revenues.

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The Company also has service level agreements with BBVA by which the Company acts as agent on behalf of BBVA in loan portfolio services and swaps/derivatives activity. Fees earned related to these agreements are calculated based on shared revenues.

The Company acts as a custodian on behalf of BBVA NY Branch for certain US Agency and Treasury Securities. In December 2015, the Company executed a Non-Conforming Subordination Agreement with BBVA NY Branch pertaining to this activity.

Liquidity/Capital Facilities

The Company has a Revolving Note and Cash Subordination Agreement (“the Revolver”) with BBVA. The Revolver was executed on March 16, 2017 with a Credit period to March 17, 2027 and maturity date of March 16, 2028 for a maximum of \$450,000,000. Any amounts advanced under the Revolver will be considered net capital for regulatory purposes under *SEC Rule 15c3-1- Net Capital Requirements for Brokers or Dealers* on the date drawn, but will not be considered as equity in the Company’s statement of financial condition. During the year, the Company has drawn down on this Revolver and repaid it fully shortly thereafter. The Company has agreed to pay a commitment fee of 0.50% on the balance of the committed portion of the facility on each interest payment date. As of June 30, 2025, there is no outstanding balance.

On January 14, 2022, the Company entered into an uncommitted demand facility agreement with BBVA NY for an intraday facility up to \$250,000,000. The facility is intended to help facilitate the ongoing intraday liquidity needs of the Company. As of June 30, 2025, there is no outstanding balance pursuant to this agreement.

On October 22, 2022, the Company entered into an uncommitted demand facility agreement with Mexico for an overdraft facility up to \$175,000,000. The facility is intended to help overdraft needs within the applicable clearing account of the Company. As of June 30, 2025, there is no outstanding balance or interest expense pursuant to this agreement.

On March 19, 2025, the Company entered into an uncommitted demand facility agreement with BBVA for a revolving loan facility up to \$250,000,000, maturing on July 10, 2026. The facility is intended to help facilitate the ongoing liquidity needs of the Company. As of June 30, 2025, there is an outstanding balance of \$100,000,000.

On May 21, 2023, the Company renewed a committed demand facility agreement with BBVA for a revolving loan facility up to \$150,000,000 maturing on June 10, 2026. The facility is intended to help facilitate the ongoing liquidity needs of the Company. The Company has agreed to pay a commitment fee of 0.08% on the average undrawn balance of the committed portion of the facility on each interest payment date. As of June 30, 2025, there is no outstanding balance pursuant to this agreement.

Assets and liabilities with related parties consisted of the following:

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Assets:	
Cash	\$ 4,108,785
Time deposit with affiliate	2,000,000
Receivable from non-customers (fails)	33,702,575
Receivable from affiliates (other)	5,323,865
Right of Use Asset	24,407,340
Interest receivable	<u>-</u>
Total assets:	<u>\$ 69,542,566</u>
Liabilities:	
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 17,127,500
Notes payable	-
Payable to non-customers (fails)	65,810,207
Payable to affiliates (other)	5,052,836
Lease Liability	27,865,934
Interest payable	<u>2,127</u>
Total liabilities:	<u>\$ 115,858,604</u>

9. INCOME TAXES

The total deferred tax asset at June 30, 2025 is composed of the following:

	<u>2025</u>
Deferred tax assets	
Federal net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 230,385
State and City net operating loss carryforwards	58,657
Deferred compensation	4,905,858
Leases - ROU Liabilities	6,185,755
Contingency Reserve	1,099,737
Non-deductible Accrued Expenses	<u>1,474,127</u>
Total deferred tax assets	13,954,519
Valuation allowance	<u>(8,424,242)</u>
Total deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance	5,530,277
Deferred tax liabilities	
Leases - ROU Assets	(5,530,277)
Other	-
Total deferred tax liabilities	<u>(5,530,277)</u>
Deferred tax assets, net	<u>\$ -</u>

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10. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which require the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Company has elected to use the alternative method, which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital equal to the greater of \$250,000 or 2% of aggregate debit items arising from customer transactions, as defined by 15c3-3. At June 30, 2025, the Company had net capital of \$250,041,040, which exceeded the minimum requirement of \$1,413,492 by \$248,627,548.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease Commitments

In accordance with ASC 842, Leases, the Company has recorded on its statement of financial condition the right of use asset and the lease liability. The discount rate (2.36-3.98%) used in determining the present value of the lease liability is the incremental borrowing rate incurred by BBVA NY Branch, which the Company leases office space. The Company does not have the option to extend nor terminate the lease. As of June 30, 2025, the Company's right of use asset is \$24,407,340 and the lease liability, consisting of the total undiscounted lease payments, is \$27,865,934. At June 30, 2025, the future minimum rental commitments under this cancelable lease are as follows:

2025	956,504
2026	2,453,045
2027 Onwards	<u>35,051,622</u>
Total	<u>\$ 38,461,171</u>

In the normal course of business, the Company may enter into other legal contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties providing general indemnification. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be against the Company that have not yet occurred. However, based on the Company's experience, the Company does not expect that these indemnifications will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

Legal and Regulatory Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is subject to legal proceedings, including claims, litigation, investigations and administrative proceedings, all of which are considered incidental to the normal conduct of business. The Company believes it has substantial defenses to the claims asserted against it in its currently outstanding legal proceedings and, with respect to such legal proceedings, intends to defend itself vigorously.

The Company is or may become involved from time to time in information-gathering requests, reviews, investigations and proceedings (both formal and informal) by various governmental regulatory agencies, law enforcement authorities and self-regulatory bodies regarding the Company's business. Such matters may result in material adverse consequences, including without limitation adverse judgments, settlements, fines, penalties, orders, injunctions, alterations in the Company's business practices or other actions, and could result in additional expenses and collateral costs, including

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reputational damage, which could have a material adverse impact on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In accordance with the provisions of ASC 450, Contingencies ("ASC 450"), the Company assesses its liabilities and contingencies in connection with outstanding legal proceedings utilizing the latest information available. Where it is probable that the Company will incur a loss and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the Company records a liability in its financial statements. These legal reserves may be increased or decreased to reflect any relevant developments. Where a loss is not probable or the amount of a probable loss is not reasonably estimable, the Company does not accrue legal reserves. As at June 30, 2025, there were no such matters where a loss was both probable and reasonably estimable.

Additionally, for those matters where a loss is reasonably possible and the amount of loss is reasonably estimable, the Company estimates the amount of losses that it could incur beyond the accrued legal reserves. Under U.S. GAAP, an event is "reasonably possible" if "the chance of the future event or events occurring is more than remote but less than likely" and an event is "remote" if "the chance of the future event or events occurring is slight." At June 30, 2025, there were no such matters where a loss was reasonably possible and reasonably estimable.

Financing Transactions

As stated in Note 5, the Company enters into repurchase transactions which are primarily covered by a master netting agreement and qualify for netting. At June 30, 2025, the Company entered into \$867,127,500 of repurchase transactions that are secured by collateral from US treasury securities. The value of the Company's US treasury securities pledged against such repurchase transactions is \$878,121,617, the remaining amount of repurchase transactions are collateralized by collateral received on reverse repurchase agreements.

In the event the counterparty is unable to meet its contracted obligation to return securities pledged as collateral, the Company may be exposed to the risk of acquiring securities at prevailing market prices in order to satisfy obligations.

The Company enters into forward starting reverse repurchase agreements and/or repurchase agreements. This type of activity has a start date of one or more business days greater than the trade date. Due to this characteristic, the Company considers this activity as a commitment and reports it off-balance sheet until the transactions reach their start date. At that point, the transactions will be reflected on the statement of financial condition and follow the process as stated in Note 5. As of June 30, 2025, the Company had no forward starting repurchase agreements outstanding.

As a member of the Government Securities Division of the Fixed Income Clearing Corporation (FICC), the Company participates in the Capped Contingency Liquidity Facility (CCLF). CCLF is a commitment by FICC's solvent firms to enter into a repurchase agreement with FICC in the event a member firm fails, the funding to offset FICC's portfolio would be sourced across FICC's solvent members. As of June 30, 2025, the Company's commitment to the CCLF was \$2,932,686 of which no utilization had occurred. This amount is calculated by FICC based on membership size and volumes and is subject to fluctuation.

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12. RETIREMENT, OTHER POSTRETIREMENT, AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

Defined Contribution Plan

The Company participates in the defined contribution plan sponsored by BBVA NY Branch, which is intended to meet the requirements of Sections 401(a) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the requirements of ERISA. Under the traditional employee portion of the defined contribution plan, employees may contribute up to 75% of their compensation on a pretax basis subject to statutory limits. The Company makes matching contributions equal to 100% of the first 3% of eligible compensation deferred, plus 50% of the next 2% of eligible compensation deferred.

The Company makes non-elective contributions on behalf of each participant in the plan based on eligible pay and years of service. The Company's contributions range from 2% to 4% of the participants eligible pay.

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RELATED RISKS

Off Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's activities may involve executions and settlements of various securities transactions as principal or agent. These activities may expose the Company to risk in the event counterparties are unable to fulfill contractual obligations. The Company's counterparties include U.S. institutional investors, brokers and dealers and international banks that are members of major regulated exchanges and affiliates. In the case that the Company is involved in executions and settlements of securities transactions, the Company records customer securities transactions on a trade-date basis in conformity with the settlement cycle of the respective countries. Therefore, the Company could be exposed to off-balance sheet risk of loss on unsettled transactions in the event customers and other counterparties are unable to fulfill contractual obligations. The Company's agreements with its clearing brokers provides that the Company assumes customer obligations in the event of non-performance.

Credit Risk

For transactions in which the Company has the ability to extend credit to others, the Company seeks to control the risks associated with these activities by requiring the counterparty to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. The Company monitors required margin levels and, pursuant to such guidelines, requests counterparties to deposit additional collateral or reduce securities positions when necessary. As of June 30, 2025, the Company was not involved in the aforementioned business activity, with the exception of reverse repurchase agreements and repurchase agreements as noted in Note 6.

14. ESTIMATED FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company applies the fair value accounting guidance pursuant to ASC 820, which requires the Company to disclose the estimated fair values of financial instruments, for which it is practical to estimate. Investments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories (from highest to lowest) based on inputs:

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Level 1 — Quoted prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access as of the reporting date. The type of investments which would generally be included in Level 1 includes U.S Treasury securities, listed equity securities and listed derivatives. The Company, to the extent that it holds such investments, does not adjust the quoted price for these investments. The Company did not have any level 1 securities outstanding as of June 30, 2025.

Level 2 — Pricing inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly, as of the reporting date, but are not the same as those used in Level 1. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or by other means. Fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies using observable inputs. The types of investments which would generally be included in this category are publicly traded securities with restrictions on distribution, corporate bonds or municipal securities. The Company did not have any level 2 securities outstanding as of June 30, 2025.

Level 3 — Pricing inputs are unobservable for the investment and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the investment. The inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation by the Company. Level 3 assets and liabilities would include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar pricing techniques based on the Company's own assumptions about what market participants would use to price the asset or liability. The types of investments that would generally be included in this category include debt and equity securities issued by private entities. The Company did not have any level 3 securities outstanding as of June 30, 2025.

In general, fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If such quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based upon internally developed models that primarily use, as inputs, observable market-based parameters. The Company's valuation methodologies may produce a fair value estimate that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While management believes the Company's valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date. Furthermore, the reported fair value amounts have not been comprehensively revalued since the presentation dates, and therefore, estimates of fair value after the balance sheet date may differ significantly from the amounts presented herein.

The availability of observable inputs can vary from product to product and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of product, whether the product is new and not yet established in the marketplace, the liquidity of markets and other characteristics particular to the product. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. At June 30, 2025, securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased consisted of US treasury

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securities. The fair value of US treasuries is based on unadjusted quoted market prices in an active market.

Transfers of financial instruments between different levels of fair value hierarchy are recorded as of the end of the reporting period. During the period ended June 30, 2025, there were no transfers of financial instruments between different levels of the fair value hierarchy.

Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Approximate Fair Value

Other financial instruments are recorded by the Company at contract amounts and include short term borrowings, receivables from and payables to brokers dealers, clearing organizations, customers, non-customers, securities purchased under agreements to resell, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, accrued interest receivable and payable, fees receivable, and accrued expenses. All financial instruments carried at contract amounts either have short-term maturities (one year or less), or bear market interest rates and, accordingly, are carried at amounts approximating fair value.

Fair value can vary from period to period based on changes in a wide range of factors, including interest rates, credit quality, market perceptions as existing assets and liabilities as run off and new transactions are entered into.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Under the provisions of ASC 855, Subsequent Events ("ASC 855"), companies are required to evaluate events and transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the date the Financial Statements are issued, or available to be issued in the case of non-public entities. As such, the Company is required to evaluate and recognize in the Financial Statements the effect of all events or transactions that provide additional evidence of conditions that existed at the balance sheet date, including estimates inherent in the Financial Statements' preparation.

The Company evaluated events subsequent through September 3, 2025, the date on which the Financial Statements are available to be issued. There were no other material recognizable or non-recognizable subsequent events during this period.